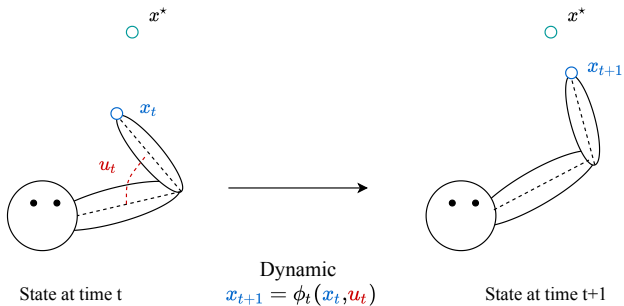


On the Convergence of the Iterative Linear Exponential Quadratic Gaussian Algorithm to Stationary Points

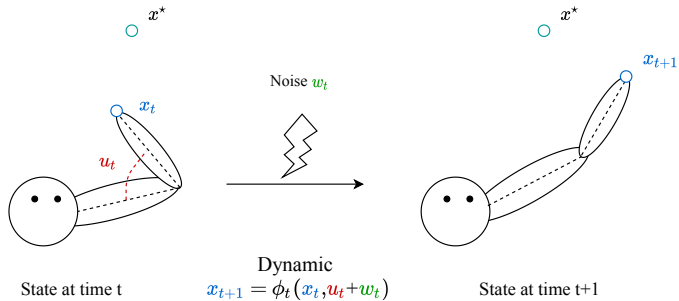
Vincent Roulet, Maryam Fazel,
Siddhartha Srinivasa, Zaid Harchaoui



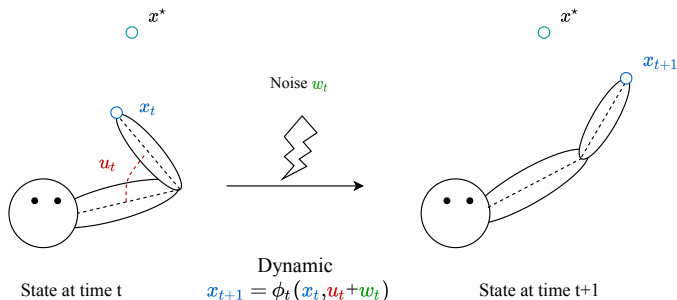
Control Problem



Control Problem



Control Problem



Objective

$$\min_u \mathbb{E}_w [h(x(u + w))] + g(u)$$

where $x_{t+1}(u + w) = \phi_t(x_t(u + w), u_t + w_t)$

and $u = (u_0, \dots, u_{\tau-1})$ are controls, $w = (w_0, \dots, w_{\tau-1})$ are noises.

- ▶ State cost $h(x) = \sum_{t=0}^{\tau} h_t(x_t)$,
- ▶ Control cost $g(u) = \sum_{t=0}^{\tau-1} g_t(u_t)$,

Risk-Sensitive Objective

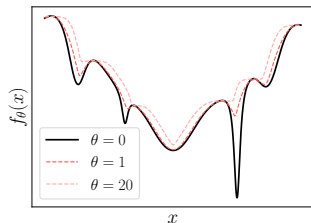
Risk Sensitive Objective (Whittle 1981)

$$\min_{u_0, \dots, u_{\tau-1}} f_{\theta}(u) = \left\{ \frac{1}{\theta} \log \mathbb{E}_w [\exp \theta h(x(u+w))] + g(u) \right\}$$

Risk-Sensitive Objective

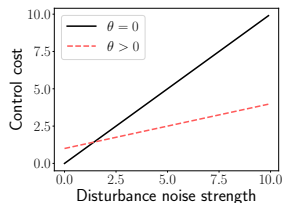
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Effect of θ for

$$f_{\theta}(x) = \frac{1}{\theta} \log \mathbb{E}_{w \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \mathbf{1})} [\exp \theta F(x+w)]$$



Expected behavior of
the risk-sensitive controllers.

Iterative Linear Exponential Quadratic Gaussian algorithm

Linear Exponential Quadratic Gaussian (LEQG) (Whittle 1981)

For *linear* dynamics, *quadratic* costs, *small enough* θ ,

→ the risk-sensitive problem can be solved by dynamic programming

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Questions:

- ▶ Does this algorithm converge? Under which assumptions?
- ▶ How is the line-search implemented? Is there a principled way?

ILEQG from Optimization Viewpoint

Theoretical Answers (Roulet et al. 2019)

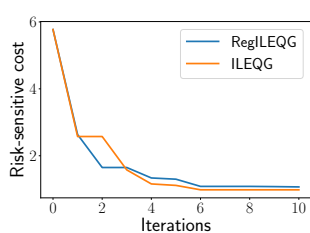
For h, g quadratics, ϕ_t bounded, Lipschitz, smooth

1. Identify surrogate risk-sensitive cost

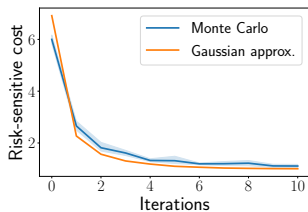
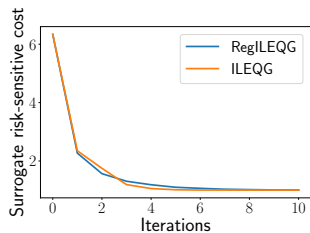
$$\hat{f}_\theta(\mathbf{u}) = \frac{1}{\theta} \log \mathbb{E}_{\mathbf{w}} \exp[\underbrace{\theta h(\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{u}) + \nabla \mathbf{x}(\mathbf{u})^\top \mathbf{w})}_{\hat{\eta}_\theta(\mathbf{u})}] + g(\mathbf{u}),$$

2. Define regularized ILEQG, named RegILEQG, that minimizes $\hat{f}_\theta(\mathbf{u})$
3. $\hat{\eta}_\theta(\mathbf{u})$ can be computed analytically \rightarrow access to line-search
4. Prove convergence to a near-stationary point of \hat{f}_θ for small γ_k

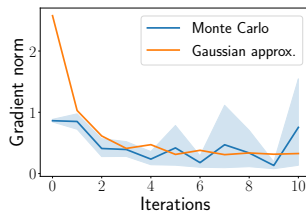
Numerical Illustrations



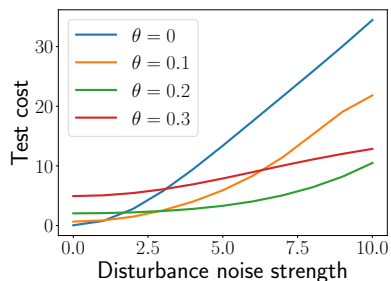
Convergence of ILEQG, RegILEQG



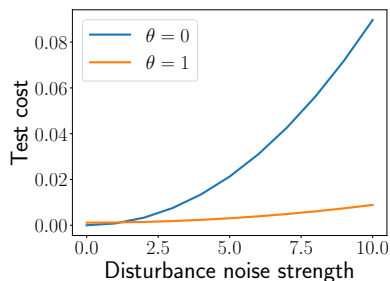
Approximations by surrogate risk-sensitive cost vs Monte-Carlo



Numerical Illustrations



(a) Pendulum.



(b) Two-link arm.

Robustness of controllers against disturbance noise.

Code available at <https://github.com/vroulet/ilqc>

- Farshidian, F. & Buchli, J. (2015), 'Risk sensitive, nonlinear optimal control: Iterative linear exponential-quadratic optimal control with Gaussian noise', *arXiv preprint arXiv:1512.07173* .
- Roulet, V., Fazel, M., Srinivasa, S. & Harchaoui, Z. (2019), 'On the convergence to stationary points of the iterative linear exponential quadratic gaussian algorithm', *arXiv preprint* .
- Whittle, P. (1981), 'Risk-sensitive linear quadratic Gaussian control', *Advances in Applied Probability* **13**(4), 764–777.